Program Summary
STARS focuses on the lives of the stars, how they are born, how they die, and how human understanding of the stars has changed over time. From Native Americans to Newton, from the electromagnetic spectrum to Einstein, audiences will explore nebulae, star clusters, pulsars, black holes, and more.

This dramatic program features the voice talent of Mark Hamill. The Nashville Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Albert-George Schram, resident conductor, performed part of the STARS soundtrack. STARS was made possible, in part, by a gift from SunTrust Bank, Inc.

Tennessee Science Standards
See www.adventuresci.com to find specific Grade Level Expectations (GLE).
STANDARD 6 – THE UNIVERSE
Conceptual Strand 6: The cosmos is vast and explored well enough to know its basic structure and operational principles.
STANDARD 11 – MOTION
Conceptual Strand 11: Objects move in ways that can be observed, described, predicted, and measured.
STANDARD 12 – FORCES IN NATURE
Conceptual Strand 12: Everything in the universe exerts a gravitational force on everything else; there is an interplay between magnetic fields and electrical currents.

Objectives
1. Define and describe two types of stellar objects: such as an average star like the Sun, nebula, star cluster, pulsar, supernova, or black hole.
2. Define and describe the components that make up the electromagnetic spectrum.
3. Identify at least one cultural advancement in human understanding of the sky.

Pre-Visit Activities
1. Download the monthly star chart from our website. Encourage students to locate the constellations and any planets visible in the evening sky.
2. Have the students read myths or stories involving the constellations. Encourage them to find early explanations for what the stars were, the Milky Way, aurora, comets, the cause of day and night or the seasons, and other astronomical phenomena.
3. Ask students to describe the typical lifecycle of different types of stars: the Sun, star cluster, black hole, etc. How do they think the Sun will die?
4. Observe the Sun using safe, non-direct methods such as pinhole projection, telescope projection, or a sunspotter.

Post-Visit Activities
1. Based on the information from the show, ask students to briefly describe the typical steps in a star’s lifecycle.
2. Have the students investigate solar topics such as sunspots, the solar cycle,
flares and prominences, and how the Sun affects climate on Earth. This activity could also be expanded to include seasons, weather patterns, magnetic fields, CMEs, etc.

3. Present and explore the Hertzsprung-Russell (H-R) diagram and how it graphically illustrates the different types and lives of stars.

4. Have students investigate the different classes of stars: O, B, A, F, G, K, M, R, N. How are these stars different from one another?

5. What are the prospects of different classes of stars having planets? If they had planets, how would life have to develop and adapt to survive under different environmental conditions?

6. An armada of spacecraft has been launched to study the Sun. Have students research various missions such as SOHO, TRACE, STEREO, Ulysses, Hinode, and others.

Exhibit Connections

Space Chase

The movement of the earth around the sun can be seen in the Earth-sun orrery in the solar System Survey.

Students can explore the Solar System Touchscreens to learn more about the Sun and human exploration of Earth’s planetary neighborhood.

Wonders of the Universe

On the second floor, the 3-d stars let students see that the stars are not all the same distance away, and that the patterns we see are unique to our position in space.

Resources

Books

The Brightest Stars: Discovering the Universe through the Sky’s Most Brilliant Stars by Fred Schaaf
The Sun by Steele Hill and Michael Carlowicz
Extreme Stars by James B. Kaler
The Cambridge Encyclopedia of Stars by James B. Kaler
The Little Book of Stars (Little Book Series) by James B. Kaler
The Sun by Seymour Simon
The Sun Observer’s Guide by Pam Spence
An Introduction to the Sun and Stars by Simon Green

Sentinels of the Sun: Forecasting Space Weather by Barbara B. Poppe and Kristen P. Jorden
Totality: Eclipses of the Sun by Mark Littmann, Fred Espenak, and Ken Willcox
Stars and their Spectra: An Introduction to the Spectral Sequence by James B. Kaler
The Ever-Changing Sky: A Guide to the Celestial Sphere by James B. Kaler
Touch the Sun by Noreen Grice a NASA Braille book

Websites

Monthly star charts, related articles plus schedule of events such as FREE public star parties:
www.SudekumPlanetarium.com
Stars by James Kaler
http://www.astro.uiuc.edu/~kaler/sow/sowlist.html
STEREO spacecraft
http://stereo.gsfc.nasa.gov/spacecraft.shtml
Hinode spacecraft
http://solar-b.nao.ac.jp/index_e.shtml
Ulysses
http://ulysses.jpl.nasa.gov

Transit of Venus Prepares educators and the public for the rare Transit of Venus on June 5-6, 2012, with hands-on activities; maps, science, math, and history lessons.
www.transitofvenus.org/

Mythology:
http://www.bulfinch.org/
http://www.pantheon.org/
http://www.maicar.com/

Solar System Exploration (including an exhaustive list of planetary missions, past present and future)
http://solarsystem.nasa.gov

StarDate - daily astronomy radio program:
http://stardate.org/teachers/classroom.html
Sky and Telescope’s “This Week’s Sky at a Glance”:
http://www.skyandtelescope.com/observing/ataglance